## In the Claims

## 1-25 (canceled)

26. (**previously presented**) A method of treating pain, drug addiction, or tinnitus in a mammal, comprising the step of orally administering to a mammal in need thereof an effective amount of a formulation comprising a cyclodextrin and a compound represented by A:

$$\begin{pmatrix} R_{6}R_{5}C \end{pmatrix}_{m} \begin{pmatrix} R_{2} \\ R_{6} \end{pmatrix}_{R_{1}} \begin{pmatrix} R_{2} \\ R_{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

wherein

m is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

y is 0;

R<sub>1</sub> represents aryl or heteroaryl;

R<sub>2</sub> represents H, alkyl, or cycloalkyl;

R<sub>3</sub> represents H, alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, CH<sub>2</sub>OR<sub>2</sub>, or CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>4</sub> represents aryl;

R<sub>5</sub> represents independently for each occurrence H, alkyl, or cycloalkyl;

R<sub>6</sub> represents independently for each occurrence H, alkyl, or cycloalkyl;

any two geminal or vicinal instances of  $R_{\rm 5}$  and  $R_{\rm 6}$  may be connected through a covalent bond; and

the stereochemical configuration at any stereocenter of a compound represented by A is R, S, or a mixture of these configurations.

- 27. (original) The method of claim 26, wherein said mammal is a primate, equine, canine or feline.
- 28. (original) The method claim 26, wherein said mammal is a human.
- 29. (canceled)